NINDS Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) Information Page

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What is Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP)?

Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP) is a neurological disorder characterized by progressive weakness and impaired sensory function in the legs and arms. The disorder, which is sometimes called chronic relapsing polyneuropathy, is caused by damage to the myelin sheath (the fatty covering that wraps around and protects nerve fibers) of the peripheral nerves. Although it can occur at any age and in both genders, CIDP is more common in young adults, and in men more so than women. It often presents with symptoms that include tingling or numbness (beginning in the toes and fingers), weakness of the arms and legs, loss of deep tendon reflexes (areflexia), fatigue, and abnormal sensations. CIDP is closely related to Guillain-Barre syndrome and it is considered the chronic counterpart of that acute disease.

is there any treatment?

Treatment for CIDP includes corticosteroids such as prednisone, which may be prescribed alone or in combination with immunosuppressant drugs. Plasmapheresis (plasma exchange) and intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIg) therapy are effective. IVIg may be used even as a first-line therapy. Physiotherapy may improve muscle strength, function and mobility, and minimize the shrinkage of muscles and tendons and distortions of the joints.

What is the prognosis?

The course of CIDP varies widely among individuals. Some may have a bout of CIDP followed by spontaneous recovery, while others may have many bouts with partial recovery in between relapses. The disease is a treatable cause of acquired neuropathy and initiation of early treatment to prevent loss of nerve axons is recommended. However, some individuals are left with some residual numbness or weakness.

What research is being done?

The NINDS supports a broad program of research on disorders of the nervous system, including CIDP. Much of this research is aimed at increasing the understanding of these disorders and finding ways to prevent, treat, and cure them.

NIH Patient Recruitment for Chronic Inflammatory Demyelinating Polyneuropathy (CIDP) Clinical Trials

- > At NIH Clinical Center
- Throughout the U.S. and Worldwide
- NINDS Clinical Research Collaboration Trials

Organizations

GBS/CIDP Foundation International The Holly Building 104 1/2 Forrest Ave. Narberth, PA 19072 info@gbs-cidp.org http://www.gbs-cidp.org Tel: 610-667-0131 866-224-3301 Fax: 610-667-7036

Neuropathy Association 60 East 42nd Street Suite 942 New York, NY 10165-0999 info@neuropathy.org http://www.neuropathy.org Tel: 888-PN-FACTS (888-763-2287) Fax: 212-692-0668

American Autoimmune Related Diseases Association 22100 Gratiot Avenue
Est Detroit, MI 48021-2227
aarda@aarda.org
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Tel: 586-776-3900 800-598-4668
Fax: 586-776-3903

Related NINDS Publications and Information

- NINDS Guillain-Barré Syndrome Information Page Guillain-Barre Syndrome information sheet compiled by NINDS.
- Guillain-Barré Syndrome Fact Sheet
 Guillain-Barré Syndrome (GBS) fact sheet produced by the National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke (NINDS).

Publicaciones en Español

- Polineuropatía desmielinizante inflamatoria crónica
- Síndrome de Guillain-Barré

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Last updated May 06, 2010